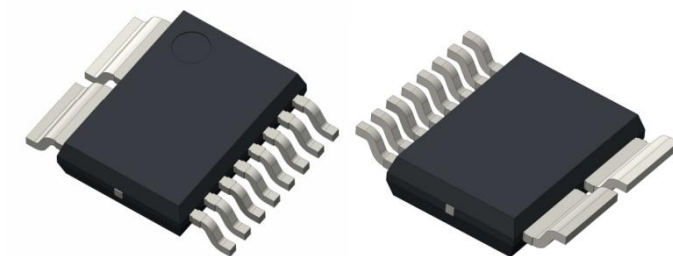


Current Sensor

Product Series: STK-616AM5

Part number: STK-616A-25ML5B5
STK-616A-50ML5B5
STK-616A-60ML5B5
STK-616A-80ML5B5
STK-616A-100ML5B5
STK-616A-100ML5B3

Version: Ver 1.0



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1. Description

The STK-616AM5 series current sensor is based on TMR (tunnel magnetoresistance) technology and open-loop design. It is suitable for DC, AC pulsed and any kind of irregular current measurement under the isolated conditions. The STK-616AM5 series current sensor has built in OCD (Over Current Detection) function. The primary conductor has very low resistance of 0.27mΩ.

Typical applications

- AC Variable speed driver
- PV inverter
- AC/DC, DC/DC power supply
- Servo motor driver

General parameter

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value |
|----------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| Junction temperature | T_A | °C | -40 ~ 125 |
| Storage temperature | T_stg | °C | -40 ~ 125 |
| Mass | m | g | 2 |

Absolute maximum rating

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value |
|------------------|--------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} | V | 6.5 |
| ESD rating (HBM) | U_ESD | kV | 4 |
| Surge | A _{SURGE} | kA | 20 @8 μs (rise) / 20 μs (width) |

Remark: the unrecoverable damage may occur when the product works on the conditions over the absolute maximum ratings. Long-time working on the absolute maximum ratings may cause the degradation on performance and reliability.

Isolation parameter

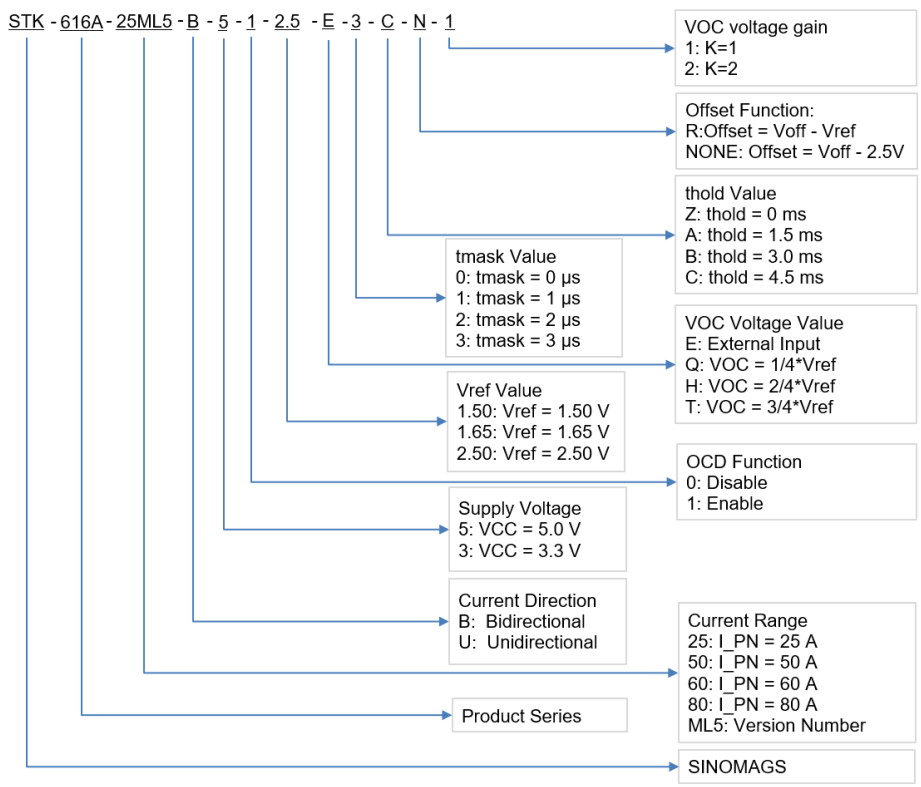
| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value | Comment |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|---------------------------------|
| RMS voltage for AC test 50 Hz, 1 min | U _d | kV | 4 | |
| Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50μs | Ū _w | kV | 6 | |
| Clearance distance (pri. -sec) | d _{Cl} | mm | 8.5 | Determined by customer's layout |
| Creepage distance (pri. -sec) | d _{Cp} | mm | 8.5 | |

Measuring current table

| Part number | Current Range | Sensitivity (mV/A) | T (°C) |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|
| STK-616A-25ML5B5-1-2.5-E-1-C-1 | ±25 A | 80 | -40 ~ 105 |
| STK-616A-25ML5B5-1-2.5-E-2-C-1 | ±25 A | 80 | -40 ~ 105 |
| STK-616A-25ML5B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-1 | ±25 A | 80 | -40 ~ 105 |
| STK-616A-50ML5B5-1-2.5-E-2-C-1 | ±50 A | 40 | -40 ~ 105 |
| STK-616A-60ML5B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-1 | ±60 A | 33.3 | -40 ~ 105 |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| STK-616A-80ML5B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-1 | ±80 A | 25 | -40 ~ 105 |
| STK-616A-100ML5B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-1 | ±100 A | 20 | -40 ~ 105 |
| STK-616A-100ML5B3-1-1.65-E-1-Z-1 | ±100 A | 13.2 | -40 ~ 105 |

2. Part number definition



3. Temperature vs Current

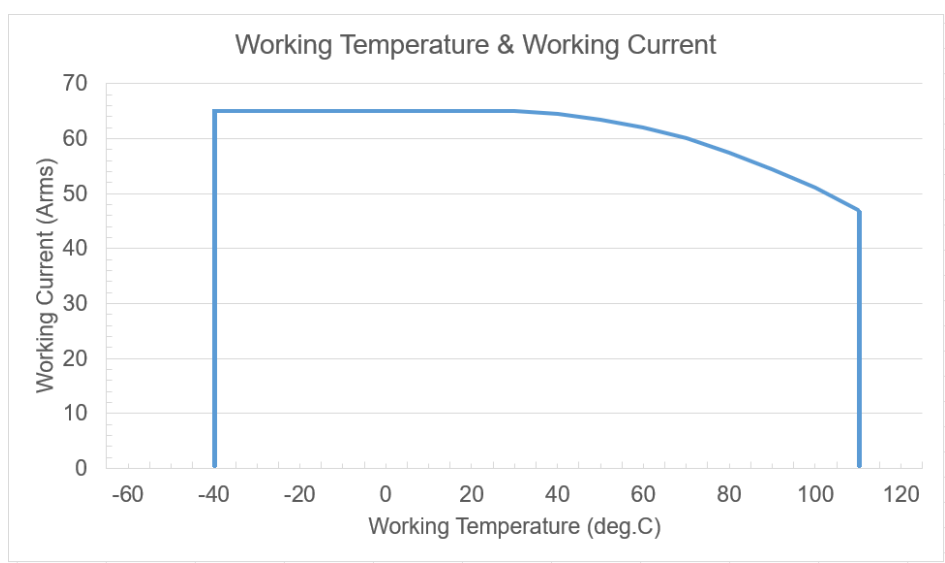


Figure 1 the recommended working current at different working surrounding temperature. Tested by using a standard demo test board, with 4 layers of copper conductors, where the thickness for each layer is 2 oz, the total thickness of demo board is 1.6 mm.

4. Electrical data STK-616A-XXML5B5

Condition: $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ | Max | Comment |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------|-----------|------|------------------------------|
| Primary nominal current | I_{pn} | A | -25 | | 25 | STK-616A-25ML5B5 |
| | | | -50 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML5B5 |
| | | | -60 | | 60 | STK-616A-60ML5B5 |
| | | | -80 | | 80 | STK-616A-80ML5B5 |
| | | | -100 | | 100 | STK-616A-100ML5B5 |
| Primary current measuring range | I_{pm} | A | -25 | | 25 | STK-616A-25ML5B5 |
| | | | -50 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML5B5 |
| | | | -60 | | 60 | STK-616A-60ML5B5 |
| | | | -80 | | 80 | STK-616A-80ML5B5 |
| | | | -100 | | 100 | STK-616A-100ML5B5 |
| Supply voltage | V_{cc} | V | | 5 | | |
| Current consumption | I_{cc} | mA | | 5 | 10 | |
| Primary conductor resistance | R_{IP} | m Ω | | 0.27 | | |
| Quiescent voltage | V_{off} | V | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | $V_{out} @ I_p = 0\text{ A}$ |
| Reference voltage | V_{ref} | V | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | |
| Internal output resistance | R_{out} | Ω | | 1 | | V_{out} |
| GAIN @ $V_{off} = 2.5$ Note 1) | G_{th} | mV/A | | 80 | | STK-616A-25ML5B5 |
| | | | | 40 | | STK-616A-50ML5B5 |
| | | | | 33.3 | | STK-616A-60ML5B5 |
| | | | | 25 | | STK-616A-80ML5B5 |
| | | | | 20 | | STK-616A-100ML5B5 |
| OCD range | VOC | V | 0.3 | | 3.3 | K=1 |
| | | | 0.3 | | 2 | K=2 |
| FAULT error | | % | | 5% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Hysteresis | IHYS | % | | 10% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Fault Mask | tmask | μs | | 2 | | Note 3) |
| OCD Fault Mask error | Tmask_error | ns | | 125 | | |
| OCD Fault Hold Time | thold | ms | | 4.5 | | Note 4) |
| Step response time | t_res | μs | | 0.5 | | @90% of I_{pn} |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3dB) | BW | kHz | | 600 | | No RC circuit |
| Noise | I_{noise} | mA rms | | 200 | | DC ~ 600 kHz |
| Non-linearity @ 25°C | ξ | % of I_{pn} | | ± 1.5 | | STK-616A-25ML5B5 |
| | | | | | | STK-616A-50ML5B5 |

| | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|------|--|---|
| | | | | | | STK-616A-60ML5B5 |
| | | | | | | STK-616A-80ML5B5 |
| | | | | | | STK-616A-100ML5B5 |
| Accuracy @ 25°C | X | % of I _{pn} | | ±1 | | @ 25°C |
| Thermal draft of G _{th} @ -40°C~85°C | GAIN_T | % of G _{th} | | ±1 | | Draft value related to the value @25°C |
| Thermal draft of V _{off} @ -40°C~85°C | V _{off_T} | mV | | ±10 | | |
| Total Accuracy @ -40°C~85°C | X_T | % of I _{pn} | | ±1.5 | | |

Note

- 1) The gain of the sensor should be calibrated in software level if an accurate measuring is required.
- 2) The default time for OCD Fault Mask Time is 3us, while it can be set as 0, 1, 2, 3 us per demand.
- 3) The default time for OCD Fault Hold Time is 4.5ms, while it can be set as 0, 1.5, 3, 4.5ms per demand.

5. Electrical data STK-616A-XXML5B3

Condition: $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ | Max | Comment |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------|-----------|-----|----------------------|
| Primary nominal current | I_{pn} | A | -25 | | 25 | STK-616A-25ML5B3 |
| | | | -50 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML5B3 |
| | | | -60 | | 60 | STK-616A-60ML5B3 |
| | | | -80 | | 80 | STK-616A-80ML5B3 |
| | | | -100 | | 100 | STK-616A-100ML5B3 |
| Primary current measuring range | I_{pm} | A | -25 | | 25 | STK-616A-25ML5B3 |
| | | | -50 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML5B3 |
| | | | -60 | | 60 | STK-616A-60ML5B3 |
| | | | -80 | | 80 | STK-616A-80ML5B3 |
| | | | -100 | | 100 | STK-616A-100ML5B3 |
| Supply voltage | V_{cc} | V | | 3.3 | | |
| Current consumption | I_{cc} | mA | | 5 | 10 | |
| Primary conductor resistance | R_{IP} | m Ω | | 0.27 | | |
| Quiescent voltage | V_{off} | V | 1.6 | 1.65 | 1.7 | $V_{out} @ I_p = 0A$ |
| Reference voltage | V_{ref} | V | 1.6 | 1.65 | 1.7 | |
| Internal output resistance | R_{out} | Ω | | 1 | | V_{out} |
| GAIN, Note 4) | G_{th} | mV/A | | 52.8 | | STK-616A-25ML5B3 |
| | | | | 26.4 | | STK-616A-50ML5B3 |
| | | | | 33.3 | | STK-616A-60ML5B3 |
| | | | | 16.5 | | STK-616A-80ML5B3 |
| | | | | 13.2 | | STK-616A-100ML5B3 |
| OCD range | VOC | V | 0.3 | | 1.6 | K=1 |
| | | | 0.3 | | 1.6 | K=2 |
| FAULT error | | % | | 5% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Hysteresis | IHYS | % | | 10% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Fault Mask | tmask | μs | | 2 | | Note 5) |
| OCD Fault Mask error | Tmask_error | ns | | 125 | | |
| OCD Fault Hold Time | thold | ms | | 4.5 | | Note 6) |
| Step response time | t_res | μs | | 0.5 | | @90% of I_{pn} |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3dB) | BW | kHz | | 600 | | No RC circuit |
| Noise | I_{noise} | mA rms | | 200 | | DC ~ 600 kHz |
| Non-linearity @ 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | ξ | % of I_{pn} | | ± 1.5 | | STK-616A-25ML5B3 |
| | | | | | | STK-616A-50ML5B3 |



STK-616AM5 series current sensor

| | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|------|--|---|
| | | | | | | STK-616A-60ML5B3 |
| | | | | | | STK-616A-80ML5B3 |
| | | | | | | STK-616A-100ML5B3 |
| Accuracy @ 25°C | X | % of I _{pn} | | ±1 | | @ 25°C |
| Thermal draft of G _{th} @ -40°C~85°C | GAIN_T | % of G _{th} | | ±1 | | Draft value related to the value @25°C |
| Thermal draft of V _{off} @ -40°C~85°C | V _{off_T} | mV | | ±10 | | |
| Total Accuracy @ -40°C~85°C | X_T | % of I _{pn} | | ±1.5 | | |

Note

- 4) The gain of the sensor should be calibrated in software level if an accurate measuring is required.
- 5) The default time for OCD Fault Mask Time is 3us, while it can be set as 0, 1, 2, 3 us per demand.
- 6) The default time for OCD Fault Hold Time is 4.5ms, while it can be set as 0, 1.5, 3, 4.5ms per demand.

6. Dimensions

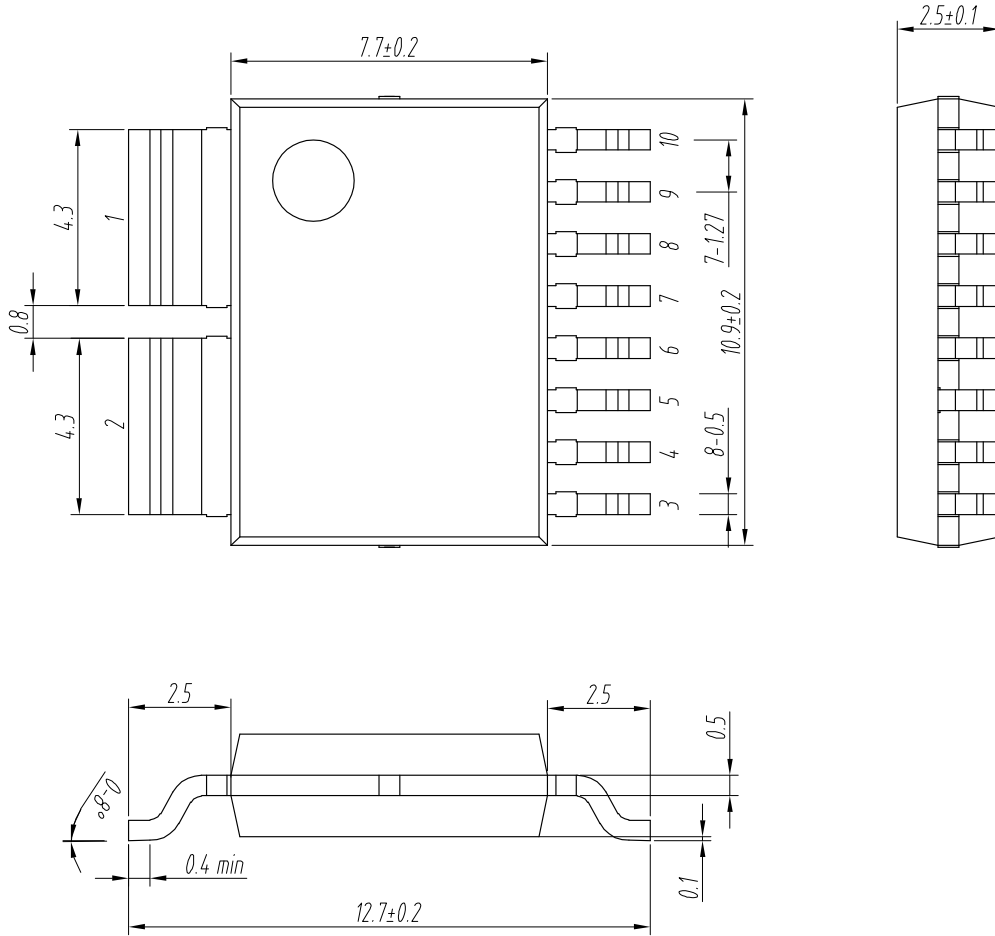


Figure 2 dimensions of STK-616AM5 series current sensors. The unit is mm.

7. Pin definitions

| PIN | Symbol | Description |
|------|--------|---|
| 1 | IP+ | Primary conductor pin (+) |
| 2 | IP- | Primary conductor pin (-) |
| 3,10 | GND | Ground pin (GND) |
| 4 | VREF | Reference pin, output function |
| 5 | FAULT | Over current detection alarm output, the pin is open leakage output |
| 6 | VOUT | Sensor output pin |
| 7 | VCC | Power supply pin |
| 8 | NC | NC |
| 9 | VOC | Over current detection threshold input pin |

8. PCB layout recommendation

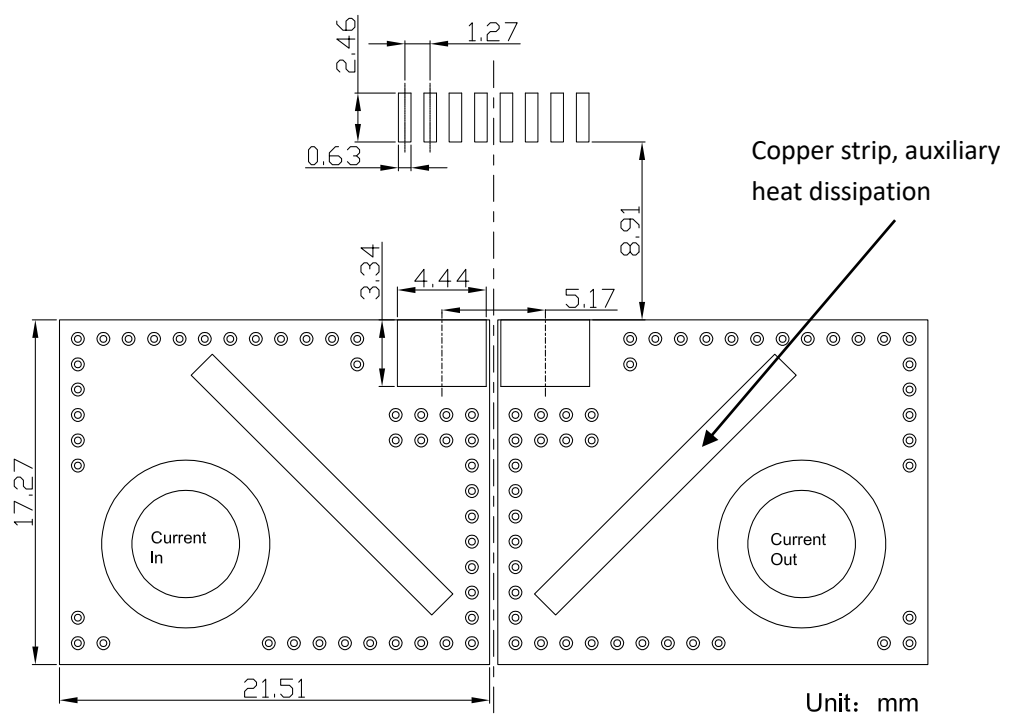


Figure 3 the recommended footprint of the SMT PCB layout for the STK-616AM5 series products. The unit is mm.

9. Frequency band width

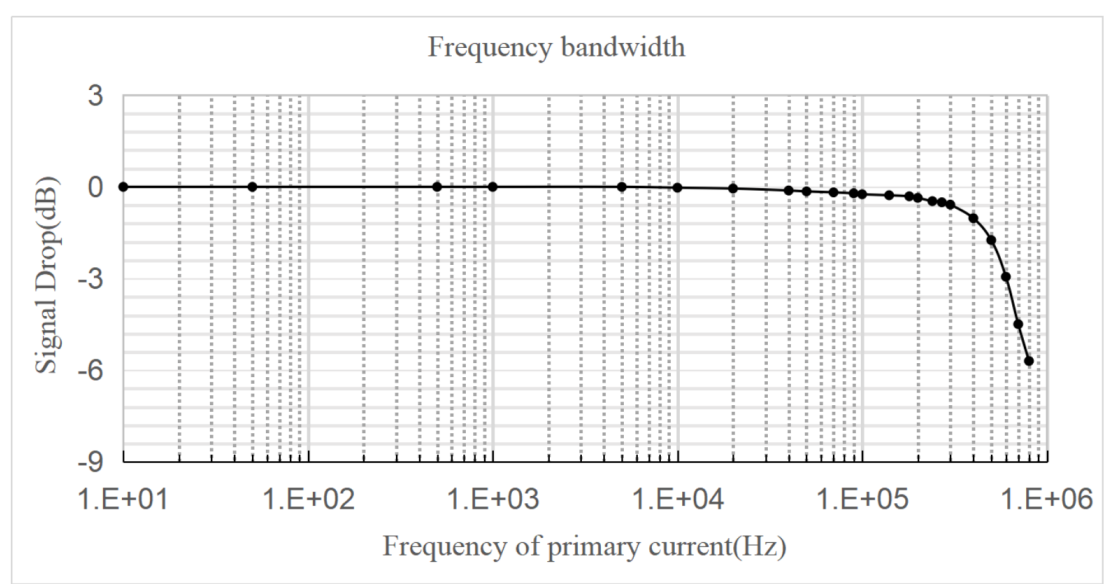


Figure 4 the frequency band width of the STK-616AM5 series products. the upper limit of the -3 dB band width is 600 kHz.

10. Step response time

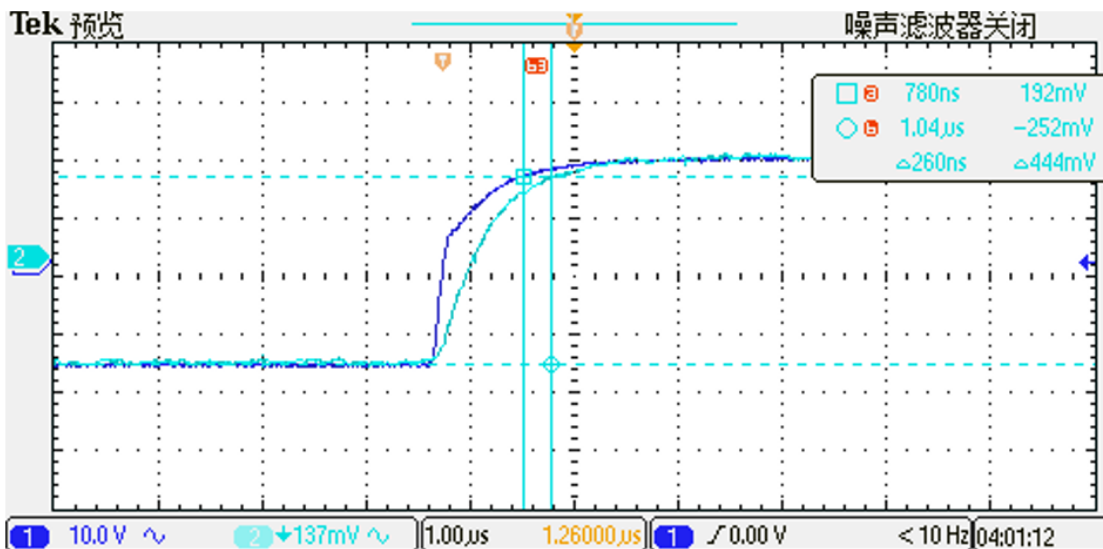


Figure 5 the typical frequency response of STK-616AM5 series current sensor. The response time from 90% of the primary current to 90% of the secondary output is 0.5 μ s.

11. Block diagram

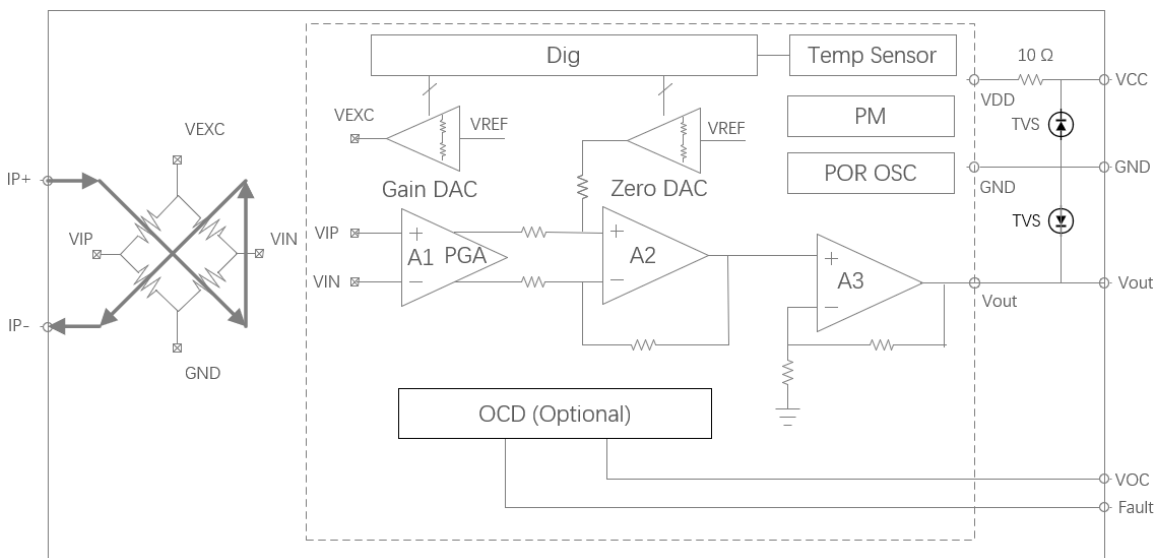


Figure 6 the functional block diagram for the STK-616AM5 series products.

12. Typical application circuit

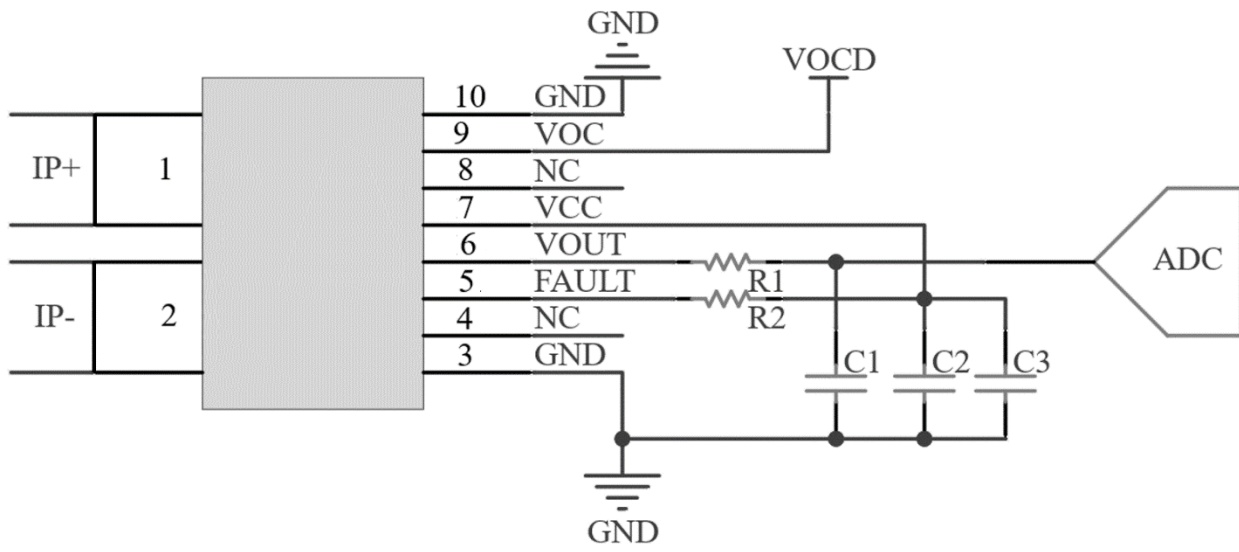


Figure 7 the reference application circuit for the STK-616AM5 series products.

Remark: R2 = 10kΩ, recommended C2 = 1μf, C3 = 10nf. 50pf of C1 does not affect the response speed of the chip. R1 and C1 constitute RC filter circuit ($f \approx 1/(2\pi RC)$). It should be considered that the band width of STK-616AM5 is 600kHz, so a RC setting of higher than 600kHz will not achieve a band width higher than 600kHz.

13. OCD function for STK-616A-25ML5B5

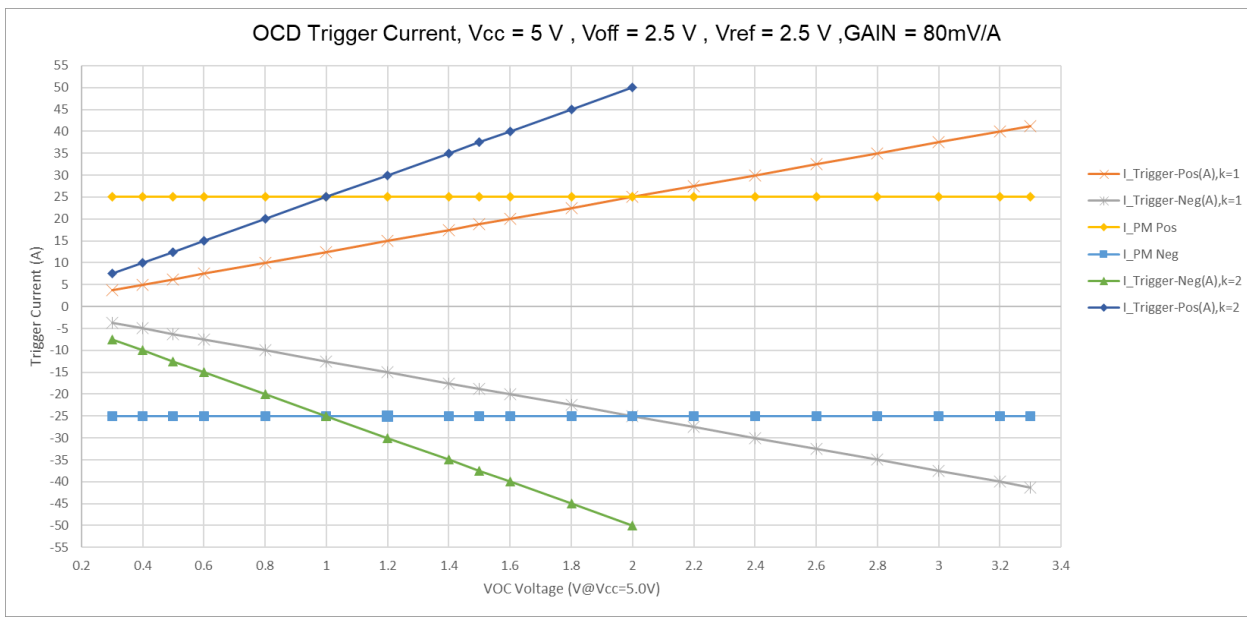


Figure 8 the relationship of trigger current and VOC setting for the STK-616A-25ML5B5, with Vcc = 5 V. I_trigger_pos represents the forward over-current protection trigger current. I_trigger_neg represents the negative over-current protection trigger current. I_PN_pos represents the forward primary nominal current. I_PN_neg represents the negative primary nominal current. K is OCD coefficient, with typical values of 1, 2. I_PN is shown in the electrical data table.

14. OCD function for STK-616A-50ML5B5

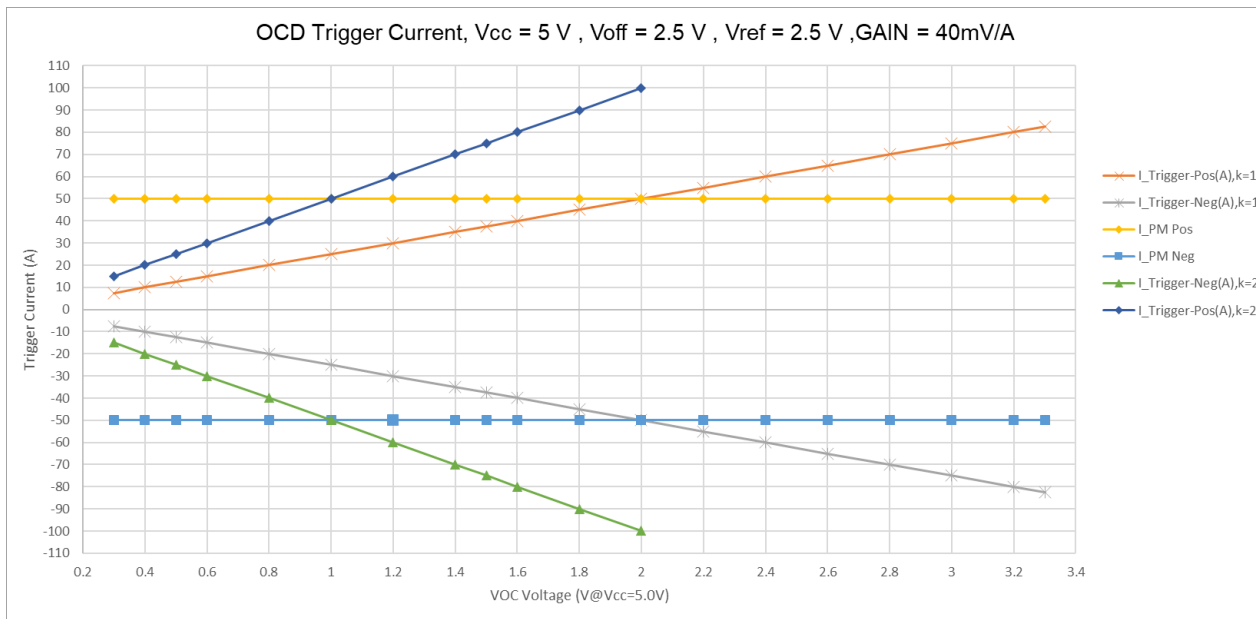


Figure 9 the relationship of trigger current and VOC setting for the STK-616A-50ML5B5, with $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$. $I_{trigger_pos}$ represents the forward over-current protection trigger current. $I_{trigger_neg}$ represents the negative over-current protection trigger current. I_{PN_pos} represents the forward primary nominal current. I_{PN_neg} represents the negative primary nominal current. K is OCD coefficient, with typical values of 1, 2. I_{PN} is shown in the electrical data table.

15. OCD function for STK-616A-80ML5B5

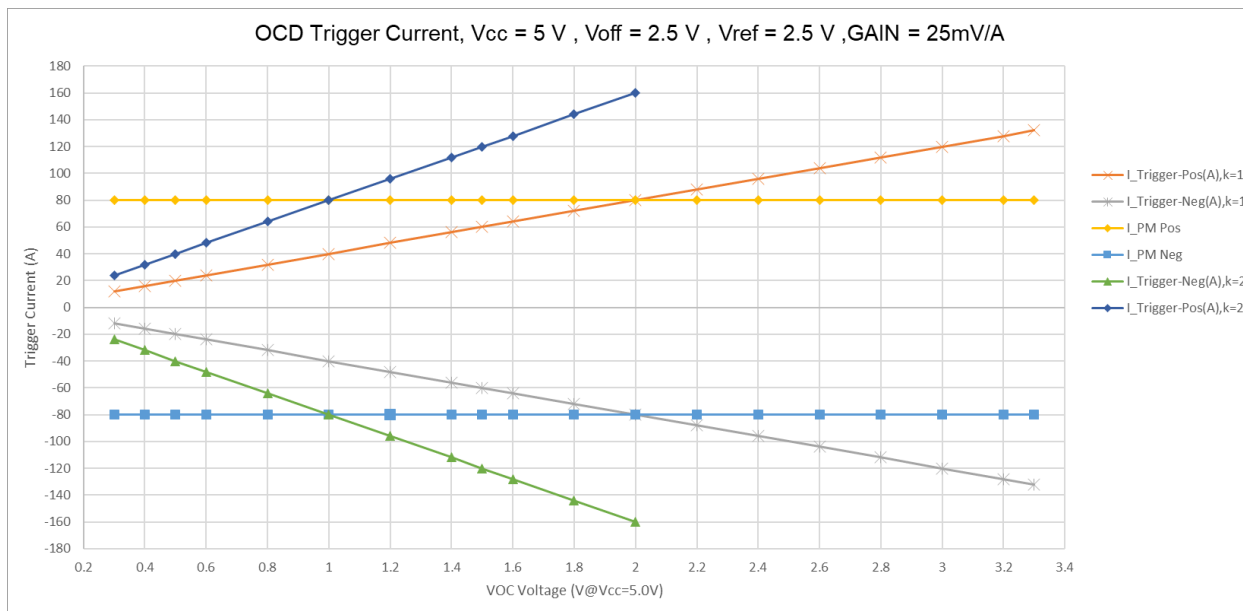


Figure 10 the relationship of trigger current and VOC setting for the STK-616A-80ML5B5, with $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$. $I_{trigger_pos}$ represents the forward over-current protection trigger current. $I_{trigger_neg}$ represents the negative over-current protection trigger current. I_{PN_pos} represents the forward primary nominal current. I_{PN_neg} represents the negative primary nominal current. K is OCD coefficient, with typical values of 1, 2. I_{PN} is shown in the electrical data table.

16. General information on OCD

This section describes the general information on OCD function, the specific functions, which are not listed in the section of “electrical data”, can be defined per request.

Since the trigger voltage is set after the second amplifier, the OCD function supports that the trigger current can be higher than I_{PN} . The trigger voltage and the trigger current are shown as follows.

- a) $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_{off} = 2.5\text{ V}, K=1.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{OC} \leq 3.3\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{trigger} = V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} / G_3;$
 - c) $I_{trigger} = (V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} - V_{off}) / G_{th};$
- b) $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_{off} = 2.5\text{ V}, K=2.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{OC} \leq 2\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{trigger} = V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} / G_3;$
 - c) $I_{trigger} = (V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} - V_{off}) / G_{th};$
- c) $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}, V_{ref} = 1.65\text{ V}, V_{off} = 1.65\text{ V}, K=1.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{OC} \leq 1.6\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{trigger} = V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} / G_3;$
 - c) $I_{trigger} = (V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} - V_{off}) / G_{th};$
- d) $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}, V_{ref} = 1.65\text{ V}, V_{off} = 1.65\text{ V}, K=2.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq V_{OC} \leq 1.6\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{trigger} = V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} / G_3;$
 - c) $I_{trigger} = (V_{ref} \pm K * V_{OC} - V_{off}) / G_{th};$

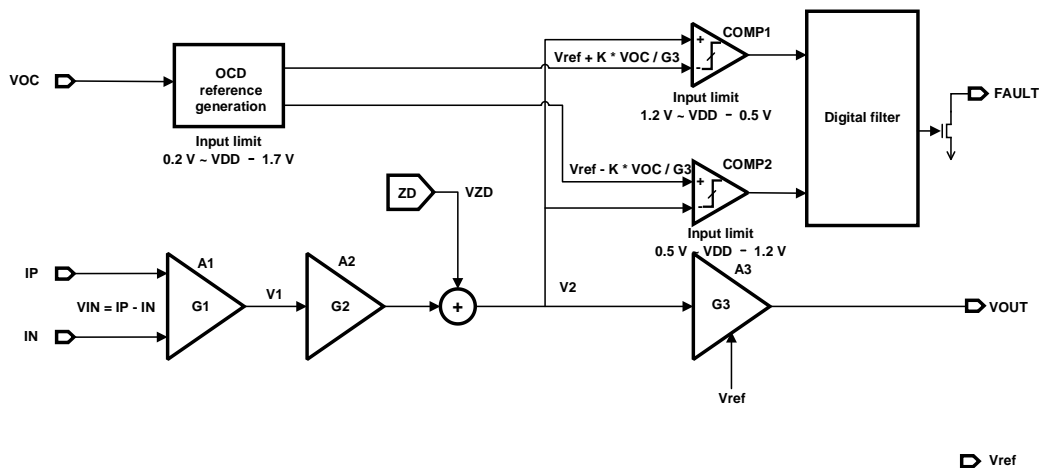


Figure 11 the functional block diagram for STK-616AM5 on OCD function with conditions of $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{off} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}$.